



### Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Certification Form

Name of CWS: Mt Hope PWSID Number: 7360077

The community water system (CWS) named above confirms that its CCR for the period of January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025 has been distributed to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). The system also confirms that the information in the CCR is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

**Please check at least one of the following required items that apply to your CCR delivery.**

- CCR was handdelivered to customers. Date delivered: 6/2/2026
- CCR was distributed by mail. Date mailed: 6/2/2026
- CCR was distributed by other direct delivery method(s). (Check all that apply):
  - Mail notification that CCR is available on website via a direct uniform resource locator (URL)\*  
Direct URL address: www.mthopenazarcne.org Date mailed: 6/2/2026
  - Email – direct URL to CCR\*
  - Email – CCR sent as an attachment to the email\*
  - Email – CCR sent embedded in the email\*

} Date(s) email sent: 6/5/2026

\* If the CCR was provided electronically, attach a description of how a customer requests a paper copy.

**Please check any of the following additional items that apply to your CCR delivery.**

- "Good faith" efforts were used to reach nonbill paying consumers:
  - posting the CCR on the Internet at www.\_\_\_\_\_
  - mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach a list of zip codes used)
  - advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of announcement)
  - publication of CCR in local newspaper (attach copy of newspaper announcement)
  - posting the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
  - delivery of multiple copies to single bill addresses serving several persons
  - delivery to community organizations (attach a list)
  - electronic newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
  - electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of outlets utilized)
- The CCR was posted on a publiclyaccessible Internet site because this system serves 100,000 or more.  
Internet site address: www.mthopenazarcne.org
- Delivered CCR to other agencies as required by the state/primacy agency (attach a list).
- A copy of the CCR and a completed CCR Certification Form have been sent to the DEP district office (or the Allegheny County Health Department) that provides oversight and support of this water system. (See back of form for addresses.)

Certified by: Signature: Michele Tornabe LHA Print Name: Michele Tornabe  
Title: Administrator Phone: 717 665-6365 Date: 6/2/2026

**For DEP use only. Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Safe Drinking Water Program Regional Office and County Health Department Contact Information  
for CCR and CCR Certification Form Submissions**

- The completed form is to be addressed to: PA DEP - Safe Drinking Water and sent to the address of the appropriate district office or county health department (CHD) having jurisdiction over the water system.
- District and CHD addresses by county can be found within DEP document number 3930FMBSW0560. This document can be located by searching under "forms" for document number 3930FMBSW0560 on eLibrary at the following link: <http://www.depgreenport.state.pa.us/elibrary/GetFolder?FolderID=3195>.

**2025 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT**

**PWSID #: 7360077 NAME: Mount Hope Nazarene**

*Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.)*

**WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION:**

This report shows our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Thomas Heist \_\_\_\_\_ at 717-587-4172 \_\_\_\_\_. We want you to be informed about your water supply.

**SOURCE(S) OF WATER:**

Our water source

The facility is supplied by one well located on the property.

A Source Water Assessment of our source was completed by the PA Department of Environmental Protection (Pa. DEP). The Assessment has found that overall, our source have moderate risk of significant contamination. A summary report of the Assessment is available on the Source Water Assessment Summary Reports eLibrary web page: [Source Water Assessment Folder](#). Complete reports were distributed to municipalities, water supplier, local planning agencies and PADEP offices. Copies of the complete report are available for review at the Pa. DEP.

Regional Office, Records Management Unit at (717) 705-4732.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (8004264791).

**Monitoring Your Water:**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. The following tables show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2025. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The date has been noted on the sampling results table.

**DEFINITIONS:**

*Action Level (AL)* – The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

*Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)* – The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

*Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)* – The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

*Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)* – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

*Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)* – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

*Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL)* – The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

*Level 1 Assessment* – A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

*Level 2 Assessment* – A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

*Treatment Technique (TT)* – A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

*Mrem/year* = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

*pCi/L* = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

*ppb* = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )

*ppm* = parts per million, or milligrams per liter ( $\text{mg/L}$ )

*ppq* = parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

*ppt* = parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

**DETECTED SAMPLE RESULTS:**

<b>Chemical Contaminants</b>								
Contaminant	MCL in CCR Units	MCLG	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	4	4	1.40	0.96-1.40	ppm	2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Nitrate	10	10	5.46	5.07-5.46	ppm	2025	N	Runoff from fertilizer
HAA5	60	n/a	4.05	1-4.05	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	80	n/a	14.6	0.7-14.6	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Combined Uranium	20	n/a	1.47	n/a	pCi/L	2022	N	Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	2	n/a	0.2	n/a	ppm	2024	N	Additive to prevent tooth decay
Perfluorobutan esulfonic Acid (PFOS)	18	n/a	5.4	n/a	ppt	2025	N	Discharge from Mfg. facilities and run-off from land use activities.
Perfluorooctan ic Acid (PFOA)	14	n/a	9.5	7.7-9.5	ppt	2025	N	Discharge from Mfg. facilities and run-off from land use activities

\*EPA's MCL for fluoride is four ppm. However, Pennsylvania has set a lower MCL to better protect human health.

<b>Entry Point Disinfectant Residual</b>							
Contaminant	Minimum Disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	0.40	0.7	0.7-1.74	ppm	2025	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

<b>Lead and Copper</b>								
Contaminant	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile Value	Range of tap sampling results	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead	15	0	8.5	n/a	ppb	1 of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.
Copper	1.3	1.3	0.348	n/a	ppm	1 of 10	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.

**Violations:** We were late in reporting PFOS & PFOA in 2025.A public notice was distributed.

### **DETECTED CONTAMINANTS HEALTH EFFECTS LANGUAGE AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:**

Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue baby syndrome.

### **EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:**

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (8004264791).

### **INFORMATION ABOUT LEAD**

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mount Hope Nazarene is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and is removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Mount Hope Nazarene. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

### **OTHER INFORMATION:**

Mount Hope Nazarene prepared a service line inventory that includes the type of materials contained in each service line in our distribution system. This inventory can be accessed by contacting the office.